Amendments To The Claims

1. (Currently amended) An IR-sensitive infrared-sensitive composition comprising:

(A) 20% to 80% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of a polymeric binder consisting of a polymer or mixture of polymers having a weight-average molecular weight in the range of 10,000 to 1,000,000 g/mol, with the proviso that the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 70 mg KOH/g or less; and

(B) a free radical polymerizable system consisting of:

(1) 25% to 75% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one polymerizable component selected from unsaturated free radical polymerizable monomers, oligomers which are free radical polymerizable and polymers containing C=C bonds in the backbone and/or in the side chain groups; and

(2) an initiator system-comprising having:

- (a) 0.05% to 20% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one compound capable of absorbing IR infrared radiation;
- (b) 2% to 15% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one compound capable of producing radicals; and
- (c) 1% to 10% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one carboxylic acid represented by the formula:

$$R^{7}$$
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{9}
 R^{9}
 R^{10}
 R^{10}

wherein each of R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ is independently selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, halogen, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl,



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alkylthio, alkylsulfonyl, sulfonic, alkylsulfonate, dialkylamino, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano and nitro; wherein R⁵ and R⁶, R⁶ and R⁷, R⁷ and R⁸, or R⁸ and R⁹ together optionally form an aromatic or aliphatic ring;

wherein R^{10} is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, hydroxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl and alkylsulfonate; or R^{10} and its bond together optionally form an electron pair; or R^{9} and R^{11} together optionally form a ring;

wherein R^{11} is an alkylene group of C_1 - C_6 carbon atoms; and wherein R^{10} and R^{11} together optionally form an aliphatic ring; or R^9 and R^{11} together optionally form a ring; and

wherein A is a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of: N, O and S; with the proviso that the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 70 mg KOH/g or less

wherein the composition, in an uncured form, is dispersible in a suitable aqueous developer.

2. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein said carboxyalkyl groups are represented by the formula:

-C_yH_{2y}-COOH

wherein y is an integer from 1 to 6.



- 3. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 1, wherein said compound capable of absorbing R infrared radiation is selected from the group consisting of: a dye, a pigment and a combination thereof.
- 4. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein said compound capable of producing radicals is selected from the group consisting of: an azinium compound, a polyhaloalkyl-substituted compound and a combination thereof.
- 5. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 50 mg KOH/g or less.



- 6. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 51, wherein the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 30 mg KOH/g or less.
- 7. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 61, wherein the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 10 mg KOH/g or less.
- 8. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 71, wherein the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 0 mg KOH/g.
- 9. (Cancelled)
- 10. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 1, wherein said free radical polymerizable system is from about 35 wt% to about 65 wt% of the total weight of the infrared-sensitive composition is the free radical polymerizable system.
- 11. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 1, wherein said initiator system is from about 3.5 wt% to about 45 wt% of the total weight of the infrared-sensitive composition is the initiator system.
- 12. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 1, wherein said <u>polymer of the polymeric</u> binder is selected from the group consisting of: a polymer derived from an acrylic ester, <u>a</u> cellulose polymer, and a combination thereof.
- 13. (Currently amended) A printing plate precursor, comprising:

a substrate; and

coated on said substrate, an IR infrared-sensitive composition comprising:

(A) 20% to 80% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of a polymeric binder consisting of a polymer or mixture of polymers having a weight-average molecular weight in the range of 10,000 to 1,000,000 g/mol, with the proviso that the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 70 mg KOH/g or less; and

(B) a free radical polymerizable system consisting of:

(1) 25% to 75% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of





at least one <u>polymerizable</u> component selected from unsaturated free radical polymerizable monomers, oligomers which are free radical polymerizable and polymers containing C=C bonds in the backbone and/or in the side chain groups; and

(2) an initiator system comprising having:

- (a) 0.05% to 20% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one compound capable of absorbing IR infrared radiation;
- (b) 2% to 15% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one compound capable of producing radicals; and
- (c) 1% to 10% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one carboxylic acid represented by the formula:

$$R^{6}$$
 R^{7}
 R^{7}
 R^{10}
 R^{11}
 R^{9}

wherein each of R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ is independently selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, halogen, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkylthio, alkylsulfonyl, sulfonic, alkylsulfonate, dialkylamino, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano and nitro; wherein R⁵ and R⁶, R⁶ and R⁷, R⁷ and R⁸, or R⁸ and R⁹ together optionally form an aromatic or aliphatic ring;

wherein R¹⁰ is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, hydroxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl and alkylsulfonate; or R¹⁰ and its bond together optionally form an electron pair; or R⁹ and R¹¹ together optionally form a ring;

wherein R¹¹ is an alkylene group of C₁-C₆ carbon atoms; and wherein R¹⁰ and R¹¹ together optionally form an aliphatic ring; or R⁹ and R¹¹ together optionally form a ring;



and

wherein A is a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of: N, O and S; with the proviso that the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 70 mg KOH/g or less

wherein the precursor is imageable by exposure to infrared radiation, and subsequently processable with a suitable aqueous developer to yield a printing plate.

- 14. (Original) The printing plate precursor of claim 13, further comprising: an oxygen-impermeable overcoat.
- 15. (Cancelled)
- 16. (Cancelled)
- 17. (Cancelled)
- 18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Cancelled)
- 22. (Currently amended) An IR infrared-sensitive composition comprising:

(A) 20% to 80% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of a polymeric binder consisting of a polymer or mixture of polymers having a weight-average molecular weight in the range of 10,000 to 1,000,000 g/mol, with the proviso that the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 70 mg KOH/g or less; and

(B) a free radical polymerizable system consisting of:

(1) 25% to 75% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one polymerizable component selected from unsaturated free radical polymerizable monomers, oligomers which are free radical



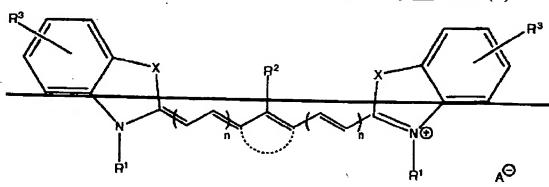
polymerizable and polymers containing C=C bonds in the backbone and/or in the side chain groups; and

(2) an initiator system-comprising having:

- (a) 0.05% to 20% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one compound capable of absorbing IR infrared radiation;
- (b) 2% to 15% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one compound capable of producing radicals; and
- (c) 1% to 10% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one polycarboxylic acid having an aromatic moiety substituted with a heteroatom selected from N, O and S and further having at least two carboxyl groups wherein at least one of said carboxyl groups is bonded to said heteroatom via a methylene group; with the proviso that the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 70 mg KOH/g or less.
- 23. (Original) The composition of claim 22, wherein said compound capable of absorbing IR infrared radiation is selected from the group consisting of: triarylamine dyes, thiazolium dyes, indolium dyes, oxazolium dyes, cyanine dyes, polyaniline dyes, polypyrrole dyes, polythiophene dyes, leuco dyes, phthalocyanine pigments and dyes and a combination thereof.



24. (Currently amended) The composition of claim-23_22, wherein said compound capable of absorbing IR infrared-radiation is a cyanine dye represented by the formula-(A):



wherein each X is independently selected from the group consisting of: S, O, NR and C(alkyl)₂;

each R¹ is independently selected from the group consisting of: an alkyl, an alkylsulfonate and an alkylammonium group;

R² is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen, SR, SO₂R, OR and NR₂;

each R³ is independently selected from the group consisting of: a hydrogen, an alkyl group, COOR, OR, SR, SO₃, NR₂, a halogen, and an optionally substituted benzofused ring;

A represents an anion;

[[---]] -- Q -- represents an optional <u>bridge completing a five- or six-membered</u> carbocyclic ring;



wherein each R is independently selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, an alkyl and an aryl group; and

wherein each n is an integer independently selected from the group consisting of: 0, 1, 2 and 3.

- 25. (Currently amended) The composition of claim-24_22, wherein said compound capable of absorbing IR infrared radiation is selected from the group consisting of:
 - 2-[2-[2-phenylsulfonyl-3-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3,3-trimethyl-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]-ethenyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indoliumchloride;
 - 2-[2-[2-thiophenyl-3-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3,3-trimethyl-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yI]-ethenyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indoliumchloride;
 - 2-[2-[2-thiophenyl-3-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3,3-trimethyl-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclopenten-1-yl]-ethenyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indoliumtosylate;
 - 2-[2-[2-chloro-3-[2-ethyl-(3H-benzthiazole-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]-ethenyI]-3-ethyl-benzthiazolium-tosylate;
 - 2-[2-[2-chloro-3-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3,3-trimethyl-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]-ethenyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indolium tosylate; and a combination thereof.
- 26. (Original) The composition of claim 22, wherein said compound capable of producing radicals is selected from the group consisting of: polyhaloalkyl-substituted compounds, azinium compounds and a combination thereof.
- 27. (Currently amended) The composition of claim-26 22, wherein said compound capable of producing radicals is selected from the group consisting of:

N-methoxy-4-phenyl-pyridinium tetrafluoroborate; tribromomethylphenylsulfone;

- 1,2,3,4-tetrabromo-n-butane;
- 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine;
- 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine;





2-phenyl-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine;

2,4,6-tri-(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine;

2,4,6-tri-(tribromomethyl)-s-triazine;

2-hydroxytetradecyloxyphenyl phenyliodonium hexafluoroantimonate;

2-methoxy-4-phenylaminobenzenediazonium hexafluorophosphate and

a combination thereof.

28. (Original) The composition of claim 22, wherein said polycarboxylic acid is selected from the group consisting of:

a compound represented by the formula (B):

$$CH_2$$
—COOH
$$C_pH_2$$
—COOH

wherein Ar is selected from the group consisting of: an unsubstituted aryl, a monosubstituted aryl and poly-substituted aryl group; and p is an integer from 1 to 5;

a compound represented by the formula (C):

$$(HOOC-C_kH_2)_m$$

$$CH_2-COOH$$

wherein R⁴ is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen and a C₁-C₆ alkyl group; and wherein each of k and m is independently an integer from 1 to 5; and a combination of compounds represented by formula (B) and (C).

- 29. (Currently amended) The composition of claim-26_22, wherein said polycarboxylic acid is N-phenyliminodiacetic acid.
- 30. (Original) The composition of claim 22, further comprising one or more contrastenhancing dyes-for increasing the contrast of the image.
- 31. (Original) The composition of claim 22, wherein the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 50 mg KOH/g or less.
- 32. (Currently amended) The composition of claim-31_22, wherein the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 30 mg KOH/g or less.
- 33. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 32 22, wherein the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 10 mg KOH/g or less.
- 34. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 33 22, wherein the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 0 mg KOH/g.

35. (Cancelled)

- 36. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 22, wherein said free radical polymerizable system is from about 35 wt% to about 65 wt% of the total weight of the infrared-sensitive composition is the free radical polymerizable system.
- 37. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 22, wherein said initiator system is from about 3.5 wt% to about 45 wt% of the total weight of the infrared-sensitive composition is the initiator system.
- 38. (Currently amended) A printing plate precursor, comprising:

a substrate; and

coated on said substrate, an IR infrared-sensitive composition comprising:

(A) 20% to 80% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of a polymeric binder consisting of a polymer or mixture of polymers having a weight-

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average molecular weight in the range of 10,000 to 1,000,000 g/mol, with the proviso that the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 70 mg KOH/g or less; and

(B) a free radical polymerizable system consisting of:

(1) 25% to 75% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one polymerizable component selected from unsaturated free radical polymerizable monomers, oligomers which are free radical polymerizable and polymers containing C=C bonds in the backbone and/or in the side chain groups; and

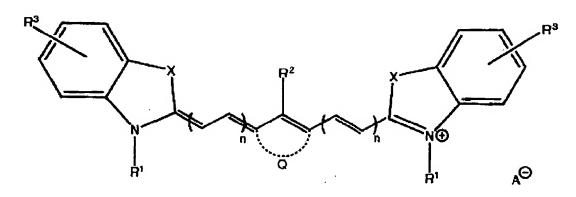
(2) an initiator system-comprising having:

- (a) 0.05% to 20% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one compound capable of absorbing IR infrared radiation;
- (b) 2% to 15% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one compound capable of producing radicals; and
- (c) 1% to 10% by weight, based on the infrared-sensitive composition, of at least one polycarboxylic acid having an aromatic moiety substituted with a heteroatom selected from N, O and S and further having at least two carboxyl groups wherein at least one of said carboxyl groups is bonded to said heteroatom via a methylene group; with the proviso that the total acid number of said polymeric binder is 70 mg KOH/g or less.
- 39. (Original) The printing plate precursor of claim 38, further comprising: an oxygen-impermeable overcoat.
- 40. (Cancelled)
- 41. (Cancelled)
- 42. (Cancelled)



- 43. (Cancelled)
- 44. (Cancelled)
- 45. (Cancelled)
- 46. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein said polymer of the polymeric binder is poly(methyl methacrylate).
- 47. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein said mixture of polymers of the polymeric binder includes poly(methyl methacrylate).
- 48. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein the polymerizable component of the free radical polymerizable system includes a monomer, oligomer, or prepolymer derived from acrylic or methacrylic acid.
- 49. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein the polymerizable component of the free radical polymerizable system includes an oligomer or prepolymer selected from the group consisting of: urethane acrylates and methacrylates; epoxide acrylates and methacrylates; polyester acrylates and methacrylates; polyether acrylates and methacrylates; and unsaturated polyester resins.
- 50. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein said compound capable of absorbing infrared radiation is selected from the group consisting of: triarylamine dyes, thiazolium dyes, indolium dyes, oxazolium dyes, cyanine dyes, polyaniline dyes, polypyrrole dyes, polythiophene dyes, leuco dyes, phthalocyanine pigments and dyes and a combination thereof.
- 51. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein said compound capable of absorbing infrared-radiation is a cyanine dye represented by the formula:





(N

wherein each X is independently selected from the group consisting of: S, O, NR and C(alkyl)₂;

each R¹ is independently selected from the group consisting of: an alkyl, an alkylsulfonate and an alkylammonium group;

R² is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen, SR, SO₂R, OR and NR₂;

each R³ is independently selected from the group consisting of: a hydrogen, an alkyl group, COOR, OR, SR, SO₃, NR₂, a halogen, and an optionally substituted benzofused ring;

A represents an anion;

- - Q - - represents an optional five- or six-membered carbocyclic ring;

wherein each R is independently selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, an alkyl and an aryl group; and

wherein each n is an integer independently selected from the group consisting of: 0, 1, 2 and 3.

52. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein said compound capable of absorbing infrared radiation is selected from the group consisting of:

2-[2-[2-phenylsulfonyl-3-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3,3-trimethyl-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]-ethenyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indoliumchloride;

2-[2-[2-thiophenyl-3-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3,3-trimethyl-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yI]-ethenyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indoliumchloride;

2-[2-[2-thiophenyl-3-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3,3-trimethyl-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclopenten-1-yl]-ethenyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indoliumtosylate;

2-[2-[2-chloro-3-[2-ethyl-(3H-benzthiazole-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]-ethenyl]-3-ethyl-benzthiazolium-tosylate;

2-[2-[2-chloro-3-[2-(1,3-dihydro-1,3,3-trimethyl-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]-ethenyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indolium tosylate; and a combination thereof.

53. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein said compound capable of producing radicals is selected from the group consisting of:

N-methoxy-4-phenyl-pyridinium tetrafluoroborate; tribromomethylphenylsulfone;

1,2,3,4-tetrabromo-n-butane;

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine;

2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine;

2-phenyl-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine;

2,4,6-tri-(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine;

2,4,6-tri-(tribromomethyl)-s-triazine;

2-hydroxytetradecyloxyphenyl phenyliodonium hexafluoroantimonate;

2-methoxy-4-phenylaminobenzenediazonium hexafluorophosphate and a combination thereof.

- 54. (New) The composition of claim 1, wherein the carboxylic acid is an N-aryl-α-amino carboxylic acid.
- 55. (New) The composition of claim 1, further comprising one or more contrast-enhancing dyes.
- 56. (New) The composition of claim 22, wherein said polymer of the polymeric binder is selected from the group consisting of: a polymer derived from an acrylic ester, a cellulose polymer, and a combination thereof.



- 57. (New) The composition of claim 22, wherein said polymer of the polymeric binder is poly(methyl methacrylate).
- 58. (New) The composition of claim 22, wherein said mixture of polymers of the polymeric binder includes poly(methyl methacrylate).
- 59. (New) The composition of claim 22, wherein the polymerizable component of the free radical polymerizable system includes a monomer, oligomer, or prepolymer derived from acrylic or methacrylic acid.
- 60. (New) The composition of claim 22, wherein the polymerizable component of the free radical polymerizable system includes an oligomer or prepolymer selected from the group consisting of: urethane acrylates and methacrylates; epoxide acrylates and methacrylates; polyester acrylates and methacrylates; polyether acrylates and methacrylates; and unsaturated polyester resins.

